

What Will We Do Today?

Name	
Date	

Student Response

My score	for this	book is	•••••	/10.
It was a	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	t	ook.

1. What Will They Do?

I am a lion.
What will I do?
I will roar.



I a.... a bird. What w......I do?

T :

I will soar.



I am a monkey.

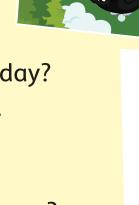
W..... will I do today?

I will pl..... today.

I am an owl.

What will I do t....?

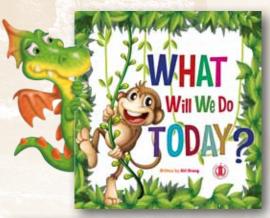
I w..... hoot today.



A lion will roar.Draw a lion roaring.

3. Read, cover, spell!				
Read	Cover	Spell		
a		•••••		
am	ılım.	•••••		
an	<u> </u>	•••••		
and	nd	•••••		
do	%	•••••		
we	v /e	•••••		
will	W ill	•••••		
what	u hat			







Inside Front Cover: Glossary

Title Page: Story Introduction

Page 2

Narrative – Opening Statement, Question Introduce character, time, purpose. Language Features

Question: "What will I do today?"

First person singular pronoun: "I"

Comprehension – Importance, Inference What was important thing on the lion's mind? What do you think he will do?

Literature and Biological Sciences Activity

Write a group list of sounds and actions that the lion could do – starting with "gr" and "r".



Pages 4 and 5

Narrative – a New Event

Some birds answer the question about what they will do.

Language Features

Question: "What will we do today?"
First person plural pronoun: "we"
Onomatopoeia: swoop, soar
Rhyming words: soar, roar
Comprehension – Synthesise

Why do you think author used "swoop" and not "fly"; "soar" and not "float"?

not ity; sour did not itout!

Literature, Arts and Technology Activity
Describe and draw machines that would

swoop and soar.

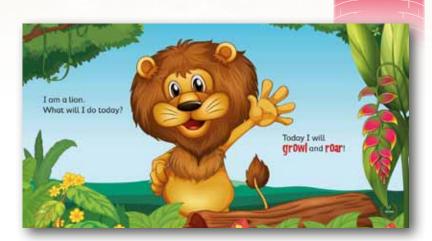
Teaching Ideas

What Will We Do Today?

Level 1 Fiction — Verse (Question and Answer)
Curriculum Topics: English; Biological Sciences.
Book Synopsis: A lion, an owl, and some birds and monkeys answer the repeated question "What will we (I) do today?" with fun descriptions.

Non-High Frequency Words: All words are decodable and supported by clear images.

High Frequency Words: What Will We Do Today? has a high percentage of high frequency words.



Page 3

Narrative – an Event

The lion describes two sounds that he may make – growl, roar.

Language Features

Onomatopoeia: growl, roar

Words starting with the "w" sound: what, will

Comprehension - Inference

Why do you think the lion felt like growling and roaring when he looks happy in the illustration?

Literature and Arts Activity

Role play the lion growling and roaring; as well as the sounds and actions on the group list (see page 2).





Pages 6 and 7

Narrative – a New Event

Some monkeys answer the question about what they will do.

Language Features

Words starting with "m": monkeys, maybe Verbs: play, swing

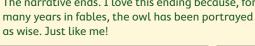
Comprehension – Question, Inference

What question would you ask the monkey with the bananas? What answer might he give you?

Literature, Arts and Health Activity

Create some recipes for bananas that are easy to make. Draw the recipes.

The narrative ends. I love this ending because, for many years in fables, the owl has been portrayed





Page 8

Narrative - Conclusion

The owl concludes the narrative by stating that he will hoot and sing.

Language Features

Onomatopoeia: hoot Rhyming words: swing, sing

Comprehension – Synthesise, Summarise

Share other animals you would have included in the book. What sounds or actions would they have made or done?



Student Activity

Student activity sheet (free download/PDF)



Group Activity

Chart: "All Animal Sounds"

The students illustrate a pair of animals. They write one or two sounds for each of their animals, e.g. a dog howls and barks.



Baby Animal Names

Baby names for the animals in this book.

Lion: cub

Bird: hatchling, fledgling,

chick

Monkey: baby monkey, infant





Check out these other books for projects about animals and baby animals.



The Black Cat Level 3: Fiction, **Narrative**



Yelp! Help! Level 4: Fiction, **Narrative**



What Is a Calf? **Level 5: Non-fiction** Description

